INTERACTION OF HYDRAZIDES OF 2-ARYL-4-METHYL-4-CYCLOHEXENE-1,1-DICARBOXYLIC ACIDS WITH CERTAIN HETEROCYCLIC ALDEHYDES

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Monohydrazides of 2-aryl-4-methyl-4-cyclohexene-1,1-dicarboxylic acids react with 2-thiophene-, 3-pyridine-, and 4-pyridinecarbaldehydes to form the corresponding acylhydrazones of hydrazides of mono- or dicarboxylic acids of the cyclohexene series depending on the temperature.

Keywords: hydrazones, monohydrazides of 2-aryl-4-methyl-4-cyclohexene-1,1-dicarboxylic acids, 3-pyridinecarbaldehyde, 4-pyridinecarbaldehyde, 2-thiophenecarbaldehyde.

While continuing investigations on monohydrazides of 2-aryl-4-methyl-4-cyclohexene-1,1-dicarboxylic acids 1 [1-3] and with the aim of synthesizing biologically active compounds from them, in the present work we have studied in more detail the reaction of hydrazides **1a-d** with 2-thiophene-, 3-pyridine-, and 4-pyridinecarbaldehydes **2-4** respectively.

The reactions of hydrazides with aldehydes are widely used for obtaining acylhydrazones, the most valuable property of which is their high physiological activity. Amongst them herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, and plant growth regulators are found [4]. Acylhydrazones display spasmolytic and hypotensive activity, and act on leukemia, sarcoma, and other malignant neoplasms [4-6].



1, **5-10a-d** Ar = 4-XC₆H₄; **a** X = H, **b** X = F, **c** X = Cl, **d** X = NO₂; **2**, **5**, **8** Het = 2-thienyl; **3**, **6**, **9** Het = 3-pyridyl; **4**, **7**, **10** Het = 4-pyridyl; **5-7** R = COOH; **8-10** R = H

The reaction of hydrazides **1a-d** with aldehydes **2-4** was carried out using equimolar quantities of these reactants in ethanol or dioxane at room temperature or in DMF on boiling. Irrespective of the reaction temperature and solvent used the primary amino group of the hydrazide fragment and the carbonyl group of the aldehyde participated in the reaction in all cases. Acylhydrazones **5a-d** to **7a-d**, derivatives of hydrazides of dicarboxylic acids of the cyclohexene series, were formed at room temperature. On boiling the same reactants in DMF decarboxylation took place, consequently hydrazones of hydrazides of the corresponding monocarboxylic acids, **8a-d** to **10a-d** were isolated as products.

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Differences in the reactivity of hydrazides 1 were noted at room temperature. In the case of compounds **1b,c** the reaction was complete after 1-2 h and the yields of products **5b,c** to **7b,c** were 72-93%. High yields of compounds **5a-7a** (73-93%) from hydrazide **1a** were achieved after 3-10 h, and of compounds **5d-7d** (75-93%) from hydrazide **1d** after 4-20 h. In all cases products **8a-d** to **10a-d** were obtained in 63-90% yield after boiling in DMF for 2 h (see Table 1 and Experimental).

Com-	Empirical formula	Found, %				mn.°C	Vield %
pound		С	Н	N	Cl	mp, C	1 iciu, 70
5a	$C_{20}H_{20}N_2O_3S$	$\frac{65.38}{65.20}$	<u>5.36</u> 5.47	$\frac{7.46}{7.60}$		163-165	82
5b	$C_{20}H_{19}FN_2O_3S$	$\frac{62.19}{62.16}$	<u>5.01</u> 4.96	$\frac{7.19}{7.25}$		160-161	94
5c	$C_{20}H_{19}ClN_2O_3S$	<u>59.81</u> 59.60	$\frac{4.86}{4.95}$	$\frac{6.80}{6.95}$	$\frac{8.69}{8.80}$	179-181	92
5d	$C_{20}H_{19}N_3O_5S$	<u>58.05</u> 58.10	$\frac{4.65}{4.63}$	$\frac{10.01}{10.16}$		213-215	90
6a	$C_{21}H_{21}N_3O_3$	$\frac{69.70}{69.41}$	$\frac{5.75}{5.82}$	$\frac{10.71}{11.56}$		198-200	72.7
6b	$C_{21}H_{20}FN_{3}O_{3}$	<u>66.08</u> 66.13	$\frac{5.20}{5.29}$	$\frac{11.21}{11.02}$		201-202	92
6c	$C_{21}H_{20}ClN_3O_3$	$\frac{63.51}{63.40}$	$\frac{5.18}{5.07}$	$\frac{10.41}{10.56}$	$\frac{8.80}{8.91}$	204-206	92
6d	$C_{21}H_{20}N_4O_5$	<u>61.59</u> 61.76	$\frac{4.76}{4.94}$	$\frac{13.60}{13.72}$		209-210	93
7a	$C_{21}H_{21}N_3O_3$	<u>69.31</u> 69.41	$\frac{5.73}{5.82}$	$\frac{11.50}{11.56}$		187-188	72
7b	$C_{21}H_{20}FN_3O_3$	$\frac{66.01}{66.13}$	$\frac{5.20}{5.29}$	$\frac{10.98}{11.02}$		174-175	79
7c	$C_{21}H_{20}ClN_3O_3$	$\frac{63.28}{63.40}$	$\frac{4.98}{5.07}$	$\frac{10.41}{10.56}$	$\frac{8.80}{8.91}$	179-180	89
7d	$C_{21}H_{20}N_4O_5\\$	<u>61.69</u> 61.76	$\frac{4.88}{4.94}$	$\frac{13.64}{13.72}$		190-192	75
8a	$C_{19}H_{20}N_2OS$	$\frac{70.21}{70.34}$	$\frac{6.11}{6.21}$	$\frac{8.54}{8.63}$		180-181	83
8b	C ₁₉ H ₁₉ FN ₂ OS	<u>66.59</u> 66.64	<u>5.48</u> 5.59	$\frac{8.01}{8.18}$		195-196	86
8c	C ₁₉ H ₁₉ ClN ₂ OS	$\frac{63.48}{63.59}$	$\frac{5.27}{5.34}$	$\frac{7.49}{7.81}$	<u>9.71</u> 9.88	194-195	86
8d	$C_{19}H_{19}N_3O_3S$	$\tfrac{61.68}{61.77}$	$\frac{5.02}{5.18}$	$\frac{11.29}{11.37}$		225-228	65
9a	$C_{20}H_{21}N_{3}O$	<u>75.15</u> 75.21	$\frac{6.54}{6.63}$	$\frac{12.98}{13.16}$		188-190	86
9b	$C_{20}H_{20}FN_{3}O$	$\frac{71.36}{71.20}$	<u>5.88</u> 5.97	$\frac{12.36}{12.45}$		194-195	76
9c	C20H20ClN3O	<u>67.95</u> 67.89	$\frac{5.61}{5.70}$	$\frac{11.70}{11.88}$	<u>9.01</u> 9.17	198-200	63
9d	$C_{20}H_{20}N_4O_3$	$\frac{65.99}{65.92}$	$\frac{5.42}{5.53}$	$\frac{15.02}{15.37}$		201-202	70
10a	$C_{20}H_{21}N_{3}O$	<u>75.17</u> 75.21	$\frac{6.58}{6.63}$	$\frac{12.89}{13.16}$		176-178	90
10b	$C_{20}H_{20}FN_{3}O$	$\frac{71.13}{71.20}$	<u>5.77</u> 5.97	$\frac{12.11}{12.45}$		191-193	62
10c	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ ClN ₃ O	<u>67.71</u> 67.89	$\frac{5.57}{5.70}$	$\frac{11.72}{11.88}$	<u>9.29</u> 9.17	180-182	70
10d	$C_{20}H_{20}N_4O_3\\$	$\frac{65.80}{65.92}$	<u>5.45</u> 5.53	$\frac{15.26}{15.37}$		183-185	72

TABLE 1. Characteristics of the Synthesized Compounds 5a-d to 10a-d

The structure and composition of the obtained compounds were confirmed by data of ¹H NMR spectra and the results of elemental analysis.

Com- pound	Chemical shifts, δ, ppm*					
5a	1.66 (3H, s, Me); 1.81-3.91 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.41 (1H, m, =CH); 7.05-8.67 (9H m Ar N=CH); 11.14 (1H br s, NH); 12.58 (1H br s, COOH)					
5b	1.65 (3H, s, Me); 1.82-3.78 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.39 (1H, m, =CH); 7.11-8.47 (8H, m, Ar, N=CH); 11.06 (1H, br. s, NH); 12.61 (1H, br. s, COOH)					
5c	1.66 (3H, s, Me); 1.77-3.89 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.44 (1H, m, =CH); 7.01-8.53 (8H, m, Ar, N=CH); 11.14 (1H, br. s, NH); 12.56 (1H, br. s, COOH)					
5d	1.63 (3H, s, Me); 1.84-3.95 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.44 (1H, m, =CH); 6.96-8.47 (8H, m, Ar, N=CH); 10.84 (1H, br. s, NH); 12.01 (1H, br. s, COOH)					
6a	1.67 (3H, s, Me); 2.11-3.96 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.44 (1H, m, =CH); 7.07-8.84 (10H, m, Ar, N=CH); 11.30 (1H, br. s, NH); 12.25 (1H, br. s, COOH)					
6b	1.61 (3H, s, Me); 1.85-3.83 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.39 (1H, m, =CH); 6.84-8.62 (9H, m, Ar, N=CH); 11.18 (1H, br. s, NH); 11.99 (1H, br. s, COOH)					
6c	1.80 (3H, s, Me); 2.09-3.98 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.57 (1H, m, =CH); 7.04-8.78 (9H, m, Ar, N=CH); 11.43 (1H, br, s, NH); 12.00 (1H, br, s, COOH)					
6d	1.61 (3H, s, Me); 1.89-3.98 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.30 (1H, m, =CH); 7.11-8.58 (9H, m, Ar, N=CH); 11.09 (1H, br. s, NH); 11.37 (1H, s, COOH)					
7a	1.60 (3H, s, Me); 1.90-3.83 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.40 (1H, m, =CH); 7.20-8.60 (10H, m, Ar, N=CH); 11.46 (1H, br, s, NH); 11.97 (1H, br, s, COOH)					
7b	1.68 (3H, s, Me); 1.90-3.89 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.49 (1H, m, =CH); 7.03-8 51 (9H, m, N=CH); 11.56 (1H, br, s, NH); 12.18 (1H, br, s, COOH)					
7c	1.56 (3H, s, Me); 1.87-3.81 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.21 (1H, m, =CH); 6 93-8 47 (10H m Ar N=CH COOH): 11 31 (1H s NH)					
7d	1.63 (3H, s, Me); 1.91-3.93 (5H, m, 2CH ₂ , CH); 5.41 (1H, m, =CH); 7 17-8 47 (10H m Ar N=CH COOH): 11 42 (1H br s NH)					
8a	1.71 (3H, s, Me); 2.09-2.78 (4H, m, 2CH ₂); 3.64 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.48 (1H, m, =CH); 6.89-7.38 (8H m, art); 7.56 (1H s, N=CH); 10.18 (1H s, NH)					
8b	1.69 (3H, s, Me); 2.02-2.75 (4H, m, 2CH); 3.52 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.46 (1H, m, =CH); 6 56-7 26 (7H m, Ar); 7.59 (1H m, N=CH); 9 17 (1H hr s, NH)					
8c	1.74 (3H, s, Me); 1.89-2.88 (4H, m, 2CH ₂); 3.54 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.43 (1H, m, =CH); 6.89-7.37 (7H, m, Ar); 7.71 (1H, m, N=CH); 9.75 (1H, br, s, NH)					
8d	1.83 (3H, s, Me); 1.98-2.79 (4H, m, 2CH2); 3.56 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.37 (1H, m, =CH); 6.86, 7.94 (8H, m, ar N=CH): 9.24 (1H, br, s, NH)					
9a	1.69 (3H, s, Me); 1.69-2.60 (4H, m, 2CH ₂); 3.59 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.39 (1H, m, =CH); 675.86 (10H m $_{\rm A}$ r $_{\rm N}$ =CH) 9.72 (1H $_{\rm H}$ s $_{\rm N}$ NH)					
9b	1.89 (3H, s, Me); 2.16-2.95 (4H, m, 2CH ₂); 3.72 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.54 (1H, m, =CH); 6.69.8 & (.9H, m, Ar , N=CH): 10.16 (1H, br, s, NH)					
9c	1.74 (3H, s, Me); 2.09-2.55 (4H, m, 2CH2); 3.59 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.39 (1H, m, =CH); 6 (18, 34); (14, m, -CH); 9.57 (1H, br, s, NH); (14, m, -CH);					
9d	$1.75 (3H, s, Me); 2.11-2.51 (4H, m, 2CH_2); 3.71 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.56 (1H, m, =CH); 7.26 8.75 (9H, m, Ar, N=CH); 9.55 (1H, hr, s, NH)$					
10a	$1.26(3H, s, Me); 2.08-2.57(4H, m, 2CH_2); 3.45-3.67(2H, m, 2CH); 5.35(1H, m, =CH); 6.22(80(10H, m, 4r, N=CH)); 0.26(1H, m, a, NH)$					
10b	1.76 (3H, s, Me); 2.05-2.86 (4H, m, 2CH); 3.63 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.41 (1H, m, =CH);					
10c	0.45 - 6.40 (9ri, m, Ar, N=Cri; 9.94 (1ri, or. s, NH) 1.76 (3H, s, Me); $2.07 - 2.71$ (4H, m, $2CH_2$); 3.52 (2H, m, $2CH$); 5.39 (1H, m, =CH); (5.5, 8.51 (2H), $(4.5, 100)$, 0.96 (1H, br. = NH).					
10d	0.93-0.91 (9ft, ft, Ar, N=CH); 9.80 (1ft, off. s, NH) 1.72 (3H, s, Me); 1.98-2.86 (4H, m, 2CH ₂); 3.65 (2H, m, 2CH); 5.37 (1H, m, =CH); 7.06-8.51 (9H, m, Ar, N=CH); 9.75 (1H, br. s, NH)					

TABLE 2. ¹H NMR Spectral Characteristics of Compounds **5a-d** to **10a-d**

***** The ¹H NMR spectra taken in CDCl₃ (for compounds **8a-d**, **9a-d**, and **10a-d**) and in DMSO-d₆ (for compounds **5a-d**, **6a-d**, **7a-d**).

EXPERIMENTAL

The ¹H NMR spectra were taken on a Bruker WH 90/DS (90 MHz) instrument, internal standard was HMDS. The homogeneity of the obtained compounds was checked by TLC on Silufol plates in the solvent systems: chloroform–acetone–glacial acetic acid, 9:1:1 (for compounds **5a-d** and **8a-d**), and chloroform–methanol–glacial acetic acid, 9:1:1 (for **6a-d**, **7a-d**, **9a-d**, and **10a-d**).

The characteristics of the synthesized compounds are given in Tables 1 and 2.

2-Thiophenecarbaldehyde (2-Aryl-1-carboxy-4-methyl-4-cyclohexene-1-carbonyl)hydrazones (5a-d). Mixture of hydrazide 1a-d (1.5 mmol) and aldehyde 2 (1.5 mmol) in ethanol (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature [in the case of hydrazide 1a glacial AcOH (3 drops) was added to the reaction mixture]. The reaction time was 10 (for hydrazide 1a), 1 (for 1b,c), and 20 h (for 1d). Products 5a-d were filtered off, compound 5a was recrystallized from ethanol-water, 1:1, compounds 5b,c were washed on the filter with ethanol, and with ether, and compound 5d was recrystallized from dilute AcOH.

3-Pyridinecarbaldehyde (2-Aryl-1-carboxy-4-methyl-4-cyclohexene-1-carbonyl)hydrazones (6a-d). Equimolar quantities of hydrazide **1a-d** and aldehyde **3** were stirred at room temperature in solution in dioxane (**1a,d**) or ethanol (**1b,c**) for 3 (**1a**), 2 (**1b,c**), and 4 h (**1d**). Products **6a-d** were filtered off, washed on the filter with ethanol, and with ether. Hydrazone **6a** was recrystallized from methanol–water, 1:1.

4-Pyridinecarbaldehyde (2-Aryl-1-carboxy-4-methyl-4-cyclohexene-1-carbonyl)hydrazones (7a-d) were obtained analogously to hydrazones 6a-d, stirring hydrazide 1a-d and aldehyde 4 in ethanol (hydrazides 1a-c) or dioxane (hydrazide 1d) for 10 (1a), 1 (1b,c), and 3 h (1d). Products 7a-d were filtered off, hydrazone 7a was washed further on the filter with ethyl acetate. In the case of hydrazone 7d the reaction mixture was poured into water, the product was filtered off, and recrystallized from ethanol–water, 1:1.

(2-Aryl-4-methyl-4-cyclohexene-1-carbonyl)hydrazones of 2-Thiophenecarbaldehyde (8a-d), 3-Pyridinecarbaldehyde (9a-d) and 4-Pyridinecarbaldehyde (10a-d). Mixture of hydrazide 1a-d (2 mmol) and aldehyde 2, 3, or 4 was boiled in DMF (5 ml) for 2 h. The reaction mixture was cooled, poured into water, and products 8a-d to 10a-d were filtered off. Hydrazone 9d was recrystallized from ethanol, 9b from methanol, and 8b,c and 10b from methanol-water, 1:1.

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